

Safety Data Sheet

| 1. Identification of substance / preparation and company | |
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| Product Name | impra [®] lit TSK 40 – preservative treated wood |
| Product Use | Low pressure-treated softwood timbers. This information is provided by Impra Wood Protection Ltd. in good faith solely to support risk assessments under COSHH etc. Impra WPL does not manufacture the product described in this document and only supplies the wood preservative for treatment of the timber |
| Company Address (Treater) | WJ Components Ltd., Rix Road HULL HU7 0BT Tel: 01482 338950 |

| 2. Hazards identification | Wood dust may ignite or form an explosive mixture with air in the presence of an ignition source. Dust may be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. |
|---------------------------|--|
| Potential health Effects: | Eyes: Dust or splinters may cause irritation or injury to the eyes. |
| | Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation. |
| | Inhalation: Dust may cause irritation to the nose, throat, or respiratory tract. |
| | Ingestion: Not likely under normal conditions of use. If ingestion does occur, slight gastrointestinal irritation may result. |

3. Composition / information on ingredients

| Components | CAS no. | % w/w |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Wood / sawdust | n/a | > 99 |
| Permethrin | 52645-53-1 | < 0.02 |
| Benzalkonium Chloride | 68424-85-1 | < 0.025 |
| Propiconazole | 60207-90-1 | < 0.01 |
| Tebuconazole | 107534-96-3 | < 0.01 |
| lodo propynylbutyl carbamate | 55406-53-6 | < 0.01 |

Regulatory Information: Wood dust is subject to various statutory exposure limits (for general advice on control measure see HSE Information Sheet **"Wood Dust: Controlling the Risks"** available free from <u>www.hse.gov.uk</u>).



4. First-aid measures

| General First Aid | Seek medical advice if any symptoms arise due to contact with this product. |
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| Skin Contact | Wash immediately with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention. If wood splinters are injected under the skin, |
| Eye Contact | get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical advice. |
| Inhalation | If symptoms due to inhalation are observed, remove person to fresh air and seek medical advice. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, rinse mouth out with plenty of water and give water to drink. Seek medical advice and do not induce vomiting. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| General fire-fighting | Wood is flammable and wood dusts may form explosive mixtures with air in the presence of an ignition source. |
| Extinguishing Media | Use water to wet down wood and to reduce the likelihood of ignition or dispersion of dust into the air |
| Special Exposure Hazards | Combustion products may yield irritating and toxic fumes or gases. |
| Protective Equipment | Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus. |
| 6. Accidental release meas | sures |
| Containment measures | Avoid release of treated-wood close to or in water courses/ponds etc. Where possible re-cover waste and recycle or dispose safely. |
| Personal protection | Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Wet down accumulated dusts prior to sweeping or vacuuming in order to prevent explosion hazards. |
| Environmental protection | Prevent entry into sewers and water courses. If such entry has occurred, or soil or vegetation has been contaminated advise |
| Clean Up/Disposal | the local environmental agency or local authority. Sweep up or vacuum sawdust and place in appropriate container for disposal. Avoid the generation of airborne dusts during clean-up. Do not inhale dusts during cleanup. Do not burn wood waste. Do not allow to be used for animal bedding. |
| 7. Handling and storage | Do not gonorate airborne dusts in the presence of an ignition |
| Handling Storage | Do not generate airborne dusts in the presence of an ignition source. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Avoid contact of wood dusts with skin and eyes. Do not breathe wood dusts. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this material or in areas where dusts of this product are present. Once dry TSK-treated wood can be stored as normal for timber |
| - | products. |



| 8. Exposure controls / pers Exposure limits: | sonal protection No specific limits are published for TSK 40 -treated wood. Observe normal wood dust limits. | |
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| Exposure controls: | If machining treated-timber, provide particulate filter facemasks and an eyewash station near work place. Use LEV if required. | |
| Personal protection: | Observe normal wood handling precautions | |
| 9. Physical and chemical properties | | |
| Physical Form Colour Odour pH Boiling point Melting point Flash point Flash point Flammability Autoflammability Explosive properties Oxidising properties Vapour pressure Specific Gravity Water solubility | Solid Varies, colourless to pale yellow None once timber dry n/a n/a n/a Flammable, same as untreated wood >200 °C As wood flour/sawdust n/a n/a approx. 0.5 g/cm ³ (softwoods) Not soluble | |
| 10. Stability and reactivity | | |
| Stability of substance: | Stable under normal conditions | |
| Conditions to avoid: | Store treated wood away from sources of ignition | |
| Materials to avoid: | Strong acids/alkalis, oxidising compounds | |
| Hazardous decomposition pr | roducts: In a fire irritating fumes may be liberated | |
| Stabilizers: | None necessary | |
| 11. Toxicological information | | |
| General toxicology | No specific information is available. | |
| Skin contact Eye contact Inhalation Sensitisation Chronic health effects | Possible (mild) Irritant. Acute dermal toxicity: No data available Slight Irritant May cause irritation Not tested No data available | |



12. Ecological Information

| Gen. ecological information: | Possibly harmful to aquatic organisms (if large volumes of timber/sawdust are released to a static water body or slow |
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| | moving water course) |

13. Disposal considerations

| Product disposal | Treated timber should be re-used or re-cycled where at all possible. If required dispose in accordance with local regulations (normally landfill or incineration). Do not burn on domestic stoves or Barbeques. |
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| UK Regulations: | Environmental Protection Act 1990 |
| EU Regulations: | Waste Framework Directive (75/442/EEC), Hazardous Waste Directive (91/689/EEC) |

14. Transport information

TSk 40-treated wood is not classified as dangerous for transport UN No. CDG-CPL classification IMDG-Code ADR/RID ICAO/IATA

15. Regulatory information

| EU Directive No 1907/2006 (REACH) | n/a |
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Treated wood should be labelled in accordance with **BPR EU528/2012** as follows:

"This product contains biocidal products giving protection against wood destroying fungi and insects. Contains – Permethrin, Benzalkonium chloride, propiconazole, tebuconazole and iodo propynylbutyl carbamate."

Impralit TSK 40 is approved under The Control of Pesticides Regulations HSE 10239

16. Other information

Disclaimer: This information is based on our present state of knowledge and is intended to describe our treated-wood products from the point of view of their safe handling requirements. It should not be construed as guaranteeing specific properties. Supplier gives no warranty of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose.